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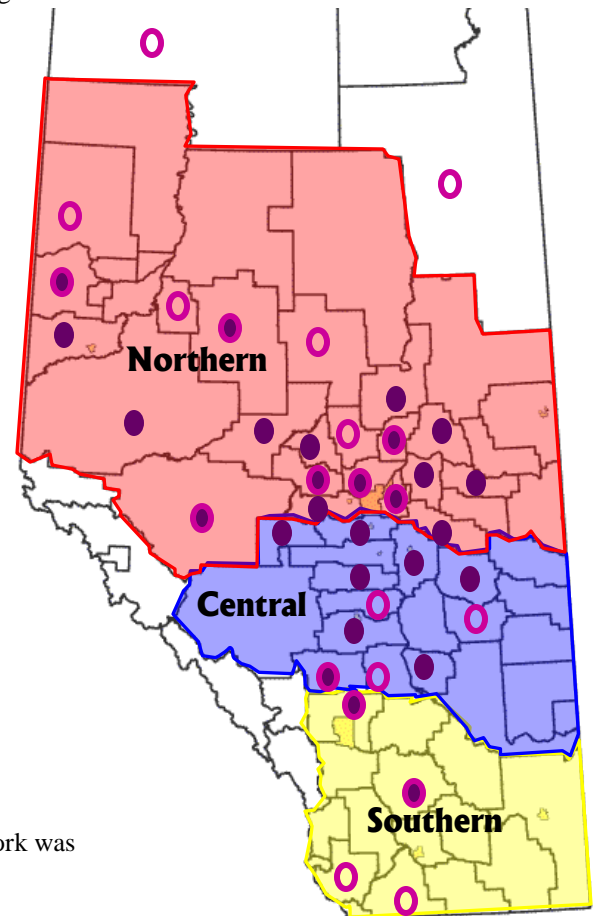
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We have now prepared the sale information to complete our general market analysis for the Third Quarter of 2012 (July - September). The following map illustrates the locations where data has been obtained. The Q3, 2012 sales are summarized individually in the tables on the following page. Our Regional Analysis and Cultivation Comparison are also included on the following pages.

The results of this quarter's analysis are mixed. Some averages showed a minor decline, while others showed an increase. However, appraisal work that we have completed suggests that generally there is strength in the agricultural land market in all regions of Alberta. Therefore, for this newsletter, our article discusses the methodology behind some new analyses that we are incorporating into our newsletter. This includes an analysis of the sales distribution, and a more detailed trend analysis. It is hoped that these analyses will provide a better indication of the actual change in land values with less variation attributed to the random aspect of the sale data.

## Regional Analysis Map of Area Divisions



- Indicates municipalities in which appraisal work was completed during Q3, 2012.
- Indicates municipalities in which we have obtained information on at least one sale that occurred during Q3, 2012.

# SALE SUMMARY

## Third Quarter (July - September) 2012

### Bareland Sales

Northern Alberta – Q3				
Municipality	Sale Price	Acres	\$/acre	Primary Land Use
Athabasca	\$85,000	89.00	\$955	Bush
Barrhead	\$287,500	150.00	\$1,917	Bush
Beaver	\$130,000	156.56	\$830	Cultivated, Bush
Beaver	\$286,200	159.00	\$1,800	Pasture, Bush
Big Lakes	\$110,000	160.00	\$688	Hay, Bush
Grande Prairie	\$160,000	159.00	\$1,006	Bush
Grande Prairie	\$1,000,000	161.00	\$6,211	Urban Influence
Grande Prairie	\$257,000	150.00	\$1,713	Bush, Cultivated
Grande Prairie	\$359,000	160.00	\$2,244	Cultivated
Grande Prairie	\$206,000	151.53	\$1,359	Hay, Bush
Greenview	\$75,000	137.04	\$547	Pasture
Lac Ste. Anne	\$199,900	79.41	\$2,517	Pasture, Bush
Lamont	\$138,500	160.00	\$866	Bush
Lamont	\$275,000	160.00	\$1,719	Cultivated, Pasture, Hay
Lamont	\$102,500	80.00	\$1,281	Bush
Mackenzie	\$31,000	159.00	\$195	Bush
Northern Lights	\$95,000	160.00	\$594	Bush, Hay
Northern Lights	\$100,000	160.00	\$625	Bush, Cultivated
Northern Lights	\$100,000	160.00	\$625	Bush, Cultivated
Northern Lights	\$145,000	130.00	\$1,115	Cultivated
Parkland	\$469,000	156.00	\$3,006	Cultivated, Hay
Saddle Hills	\$170,000	157.97	\$1,076	Cultivated, Bush
Smoky Lake	\$65,000	79.50	\$818	Hay, Pasture
Smoky Lake	\$45,000	70.00	\$643	Bush
Smoky Lake	\$222,600	84.11	\$2,647	Water Frontage, Bush
Smoky Lake	\$108,000	161.00	\$671	Bush, Pasture
Starland	\$350,000	480.00	\$729	Pasture
Strathcona	\$845,000	80.17	\$10,540	Urban Influence
Strathcona	\$415,000	78.00	\$5,321	Pasture, Bush
Sturgeon	\$265,000	77.83	\$3,405	Bush
Sturgeon	\$180,000	82.51	\$2,182	Bush, Pasture
Sturgeon	\$400,400	77.62	\$5,158	Cultivated
Sturgeon	\$525,000	80.00	\$6,563	Bush
Thorhild	\$200,000	77.60	\$2,577	Cultivated, Bush
Thorhild	\$135,000	148.95	\$906	Pasture, Bush
Thorhild	\$190,000	155.15	\$1,225	Bush
Thorhild	\$107,000	161.00	\$665	Bush, Pasture
Thorhild	\$247,000	143.00	\$1,727	Cultivated
Two Hills	\$90,000	79.44	\$1,133	Pasture, Bush
Two Hills	\$170,000	148.00	\$1,149	Hay, Bush
Two Hills	\$180,000	160.00	\$1,125	Hay
Woodlands	\$115,500	155.47	\$743	Bush, Cultivated
Yellowhead	\$182,000	160.00	\$1,138	Bush
Yellowhead	\$142,000	157.97	\$899	Bush

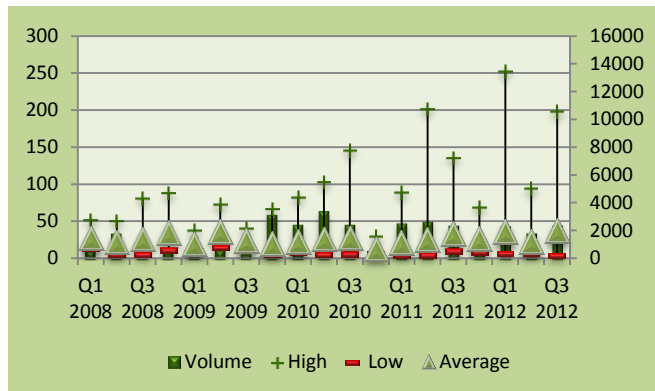
Central Alberta – Q3				
Municipality	Sale Price	Acres	\$/acre	Land Use
Brazeau	\$235,000	158.02	\$1,487	Bush
Brazeau	\$235,000	144.90	\$1,622	Hay
Brazeau	\$235,000	158.02	\$1,487	Bush
Brazeau	\$235,000	144.90	\$1,622	Hay
Camrose	\$310,000	119.00	\$2,605	Cultivated, Hay
Camrose	\$330,000	107.00	\$3,084	Cultivated, Hay
Clearwater	\$196,505	121.00	\$1,624	Bush, Pasture
Clearwater	\$229,500	61.87	\$3,709	Cultivated
Leduc	\$210,000	80.00	\$2,625	Bush
Leduc	\$242,500	120.00	\$2,021	Cultivated
Leduc	\$255,000	131.00	\$1,947	Pasture
Leduc	\$315,000	149.50	\$2,107	Hay
Leduc	\$350,000	153.00	\$2,288	Cultivated
Leduc	\$5,000,000	137.61	\$36,335	Urban Influence
Mountain View	\$790,000	156.01	\$5,064	Urban Influence
Mountain View	\$317,500	75.86	\$4,185	Cultivated
Mountain View	\$427,500	159.00	\$2,689	Pasture
Mountain View	\$397,500	150.00	\$2,650	Hay, Cultivated
Mountain View	\$415,000	160.00	\$2,594	Pasture
Mountain View	\$475,000	160.00	\$2,969	Hay
Mountain View	\$430,000	122.00	\$3,525	Pasture, Bush
Mountain View	\$425,000	146.00	\$2,911	Pasture, Bush
Mountain View	\$425,000	139.00	\$3,058	Hay, Pasture
Ponoka	\$220,000	160.00	\$1,375	Pasture, Bush
Ponoka	\$220,000	160.00	\$1,375	Pasture, Bush
Ponoka	\$205,000	140.00	\$1,464	Pasture
Ponoka	\$230,000	150.00	\$1,533	Pasture
Ponoka	\$235,000	140.00	\$1,679	Pasture
Ponoka	\$240,000	160.00	\$1,500	Hay, Bush
Ponoka	\$330,000	159.98	\$2,063	Water Frontage, Hay
Red Deer	\$505,000	160.00	\$3,156	Water Frontage, Bush
Red Deer	\$200,000	136.75	\$1,463	Pasture
Red Deer	\$227,500	120.21	\$1,893	Cultivated, Pasture
Stettler	\$215,000	322.00	\$668	Pasture, Hay
Wetaskiwin	\$222,000	80.00	\$2,775	Hay

Southern Alberta – Q3				
Municipality	Sale Price	Acres	\$/acre	Land Use
Foothills	\$3,000,000	320.32	\$9,366	Recreation
Lethbridge	\$300,000	160.00	\$1,875	Cultivated
Newell	\$150,000	160.00	\$938	Cultivated
Newell	\$1,125,000	279.50	\$3,846	Irrigated; incl. house
Rockyview	\$1,000,000	157.57	\$6,346	Pasture
Rockyview	\$700,000	160.00	\$4,375	Pasture, Bush
Rockyview	\$580,000	156.00	\$3,718	Cultivated, Pasture
Rockyview	\$815,000	158.97	\$5,127	Hay, Pasture
Rockyview	\$1,000,000	157.57	\$6,346	Pasture
Vulcan	\$2,341,077	946.50	\$2,473	Cultivated
Vulcan	\$137,375	157.03	\$875	Hay, Pasture
Vulcan	\$700,000	317.75	\$2,203	Pasture, Cultivated
Wheatland	\$480,000	79.30	\$6,053	Cultivated
Willow Creek	\$255,000	155.00	\$1,645	Cultivated

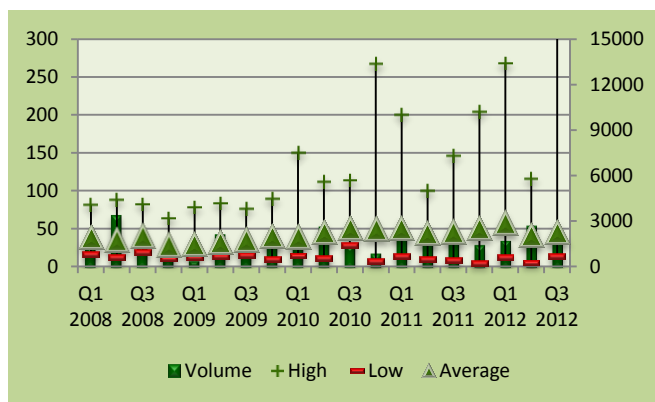
# REGIONAL ANALYSIS

In the following graphs we have excluded sales that we believe are expected to have significant urban influence.

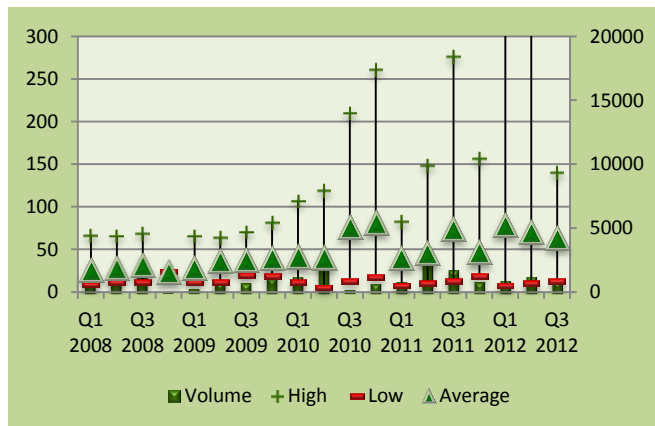
**Graph 1: Northern Alberta**



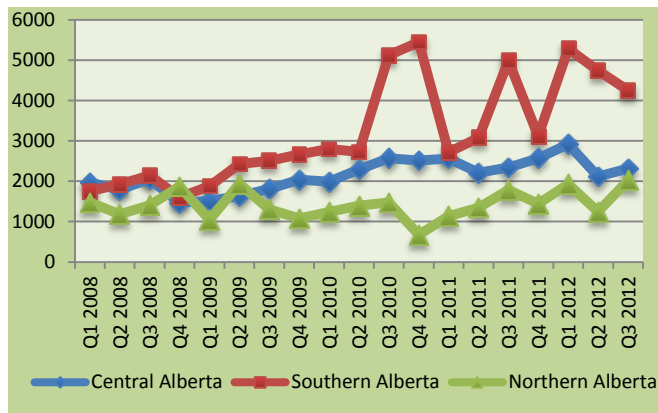
**Graph 2: Central Alberta**



**Graph 3: Southern Alberta**



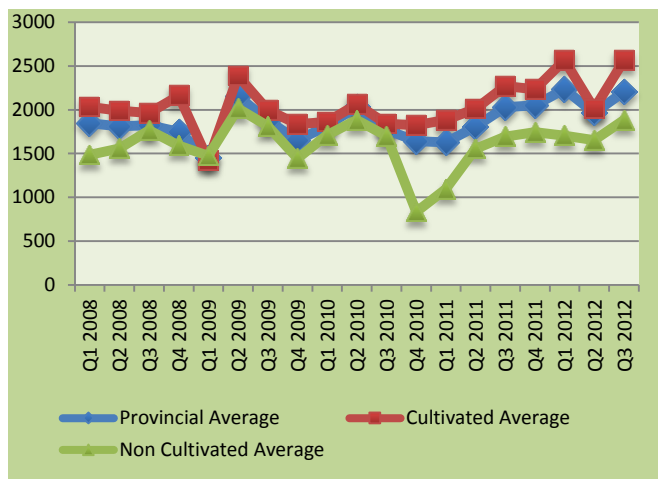
**Graph 4: Average Value of Each Region**



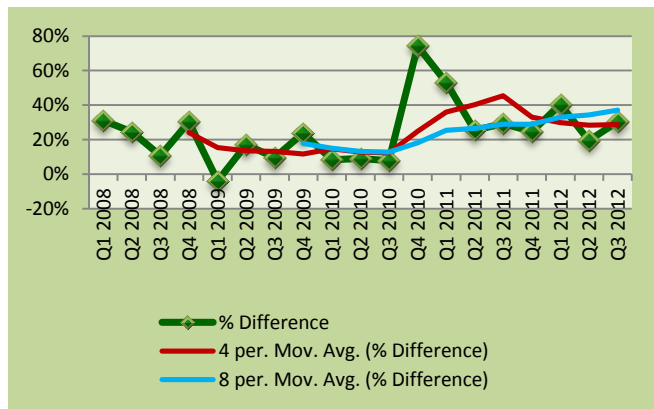
Within each of the above regions, there are areas with different agricultural productivity. There is also variation with respect to regional population, urban development, or demand for country residential properties. Therefore, there is frequently a wide difference between the range of high and low values per acre.

# CULTIVATED VS UNCULTIVATED COMPARISON

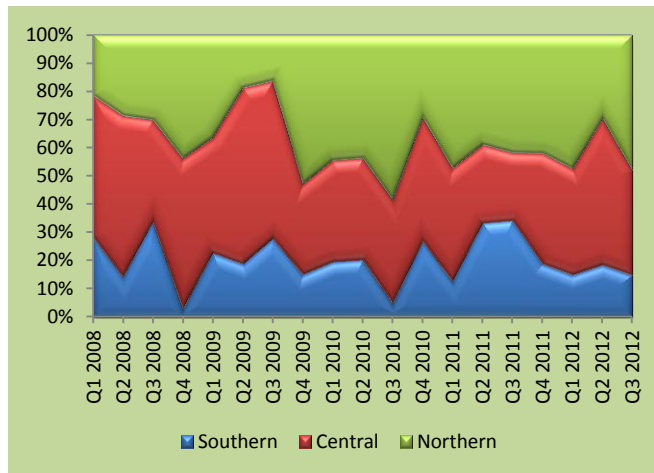
**Graph 5: Provincial Cultivated vs Uncultivated**



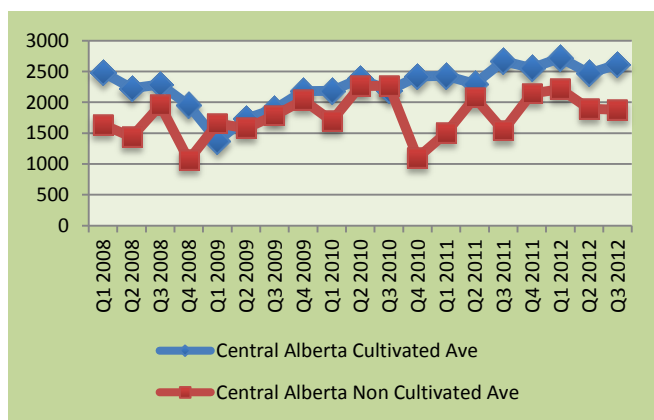
**Graph 6: Percent Difference : Cultivated vs Uncultivated Land**



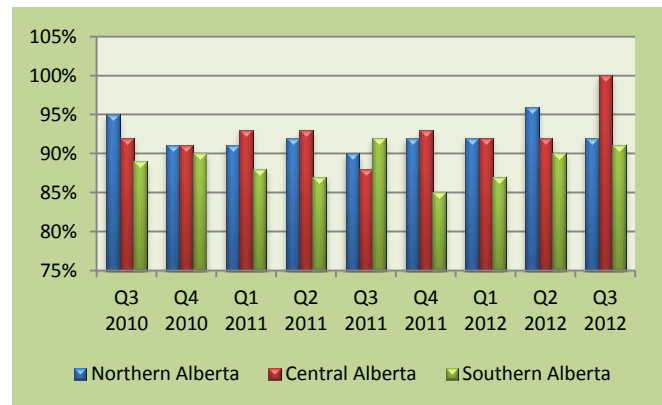
**Graph 7: Proportion of Sales by Region**



**Graph 8: Central Alberta - Cultivated vs Uncultivated**



**Graph 9: Sale Price : List Price**



Given the limited arm's-length sales data and variable information available in the rural real estate market, it is often difficult to determine trends and quantify time adjustments in the market for agricultural properties. Therefore, the information contained in this newsletter should not be relied upon solely for purchasing or financing decisions. It is prepared with the intent of providing a general indication of the activity in the rural real estate market. If an estimate of value is required for specific properties, it is recommended that an appraisal be obtained. Benchmark studies can also be completed if approximate land values are required for a specific area.

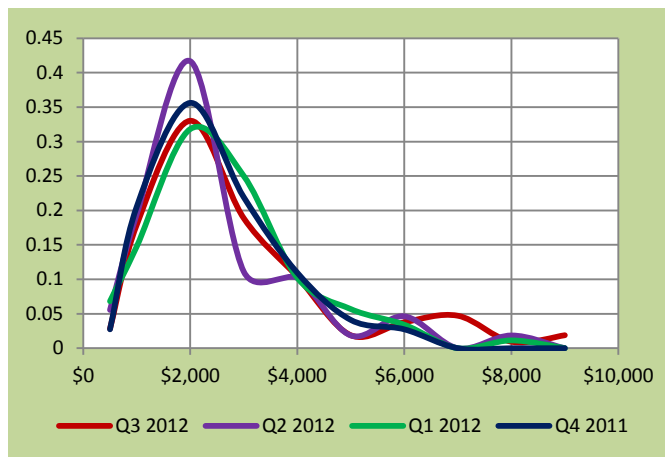
## ADDITIONAL SALE AND TREND ANALYSIS

Through previous newsletters we have used current sales data to estimate average values. However, as illustrated in the newsletter graphs there can be significant variability in average values between individual quarters. As part of the analysis we have occasionally been able to identify factors that contributed to the variability, including outlying sales that may not be typical for the area, or variation in the usual distribution of sales (including location or land use). As part of this newsletter we have attempted to introduce a more comprehensive analysis of sales data. This includes an analysis of the sale distribution and trend analysis. The following is an explanation of the methodology we will attempt to incorporate into future newsletters.

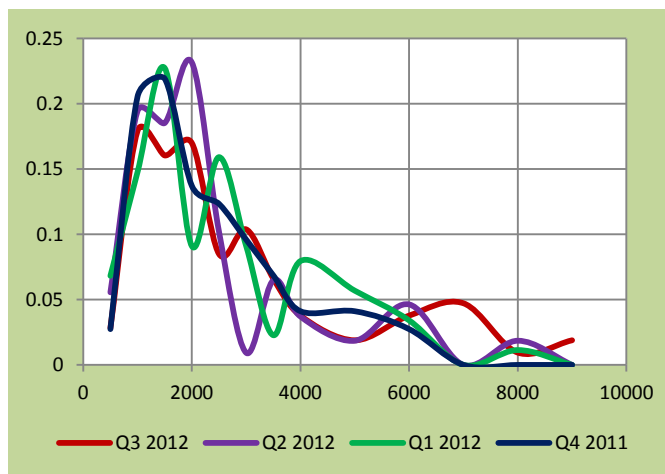
# SALE DISTRIBUTION

The following graph shows the frequency of distribution of the quarterly sales data.

**Graph 10: Frequency Distribution by \$1,000**



**Graph 11: Frequency Distribution by \$500**

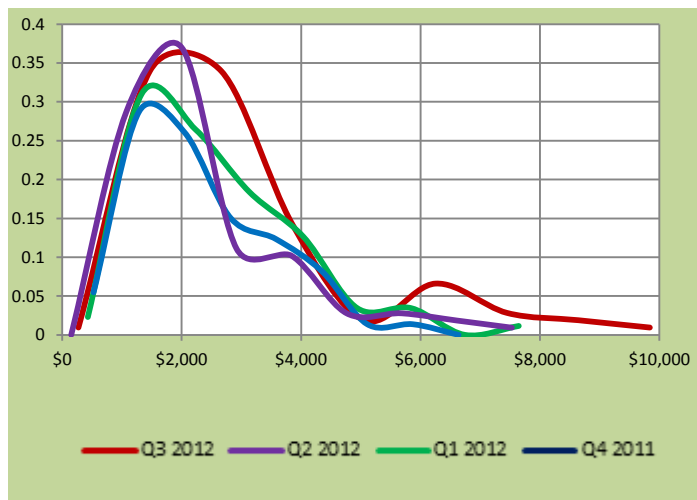


The above graphs shows that over the past four quarters there has been a relatively similar pattern to the frequency of sales data. Most of the sales have been within the range of \$1,500 - \$2,000 per acre, with the widest variation in the frequency occurring in the sales around  $\pm 2,500 - 3,000$  per acre

Although the following graph is generally similar to the preceding one, the sales frequency has been centred about

the mean average and distributed using the standard deviation rather than using the same distinct grouping.

**Graph 12: Distribution of Sales using Standard Deviation**



The above graph shows that in the last two quarters the mean average has been higher than in preceding quarters. However, for Q3, 2012, there was a much wider deviation than in preceding quarters, possibly due to more sales towards the upper end of the range of values.

# TIME SERIES ANALYSIS

The second analysis considers that there are three components to a time series:

Seasonal Variation, Random Variation, and the Trend  
To estimate a change in land values over time, it is desired to isolate the trend in the time series of average land values.

Therefore, the following analysis considers if it may be possible to identify the trend separately from the remaining components of the time series.

## Seasonal Variation

To identify possible variation in average land values due to seasonal patterns, a four period moving average is centred on each quarter. This is achieved by averaging two

consecutive moving averages. The following table shows the values used in this estimate.

**Table 1: Calculation of Centred Moving Average**

Year	Quarter	Individual Quarter Actual Average	4 Period Moving Average	Centred Moving Average
2008	Q1	\$1,846		
	Q2	\$1,809		
			\$1,808	
	Q3	\$1,825		\$1,758
2009			\$1,709	
	Q4	\$1,750		\$1,752
			\$1,796	
	Q1	\$1,452		\$1,802
2010			\$1,809	
	Q2	\$2,155		\$1,796
			\$1,784	
	Q3	\$1,879		\$1,829
2011			\$1,875	
	Q4	\$1,648		\$1,859
			\$1,844	
	Q1	\$1,816		\$1,830
2012			\$1,817	
	Q2	\$2,032		\$1,816
			\$1,815	
	Q3	\$1,770		\$1,792
2013			\$1,768	
	Q4	\$1,642		\$1,740
			\$1,712	
	Q1	\$1,629		\$1,745
2014			\$1,777	
	Q2	\$1,808		\$1,828
			\$1,880	
	Q3	\$2,028		\$1,955
2015			\$2,031	
	Q4	\$2,053		\$2,050
			\$2,070	
	Q1	\$2,233		\$2,106
2016			\$2,142	
	Q2	\$1,965		n/a
			n/a	
2017	Q3	\$2,318		n/a

The deviation of individual quarterly values from the centred moving average is then calculated.

**Table 2: Deviation of Actual Data from Moving Average**

Year	Quarter	Individual Quarter Actual Average (QAA)	Centred Moving Average (CMA)	Deviation (QAA/CMA) (% of CMA)
2008	Q1	\$1,846		
	Q2	\$1,809		
	Q3	\$1,825	\$1,758	104%
	Q4	\$1,750	\$1,752	100%
2009	Q1	\$1,452	\$1,802	81%
	Q2	\$2,155	\$1,796	120%
	Q3	\$1,879	\$1,829	103%
	Q4	\$1,648	\$1,859	89%
2010	Q1	\$1,816	\$1,830	99%
	Q2	\$2,032	\$1,816	112%
	Q3	\$1,770	\$1,792	99%
	Q4	\$1,642	\$1,740	94%
2011	Q1	\$1,629	\$1,745	93%
	Q2	\$1,808	\$1,828	99%
	Q3	\$2,028	\$1,955	104%
	Q4	\$2,053	\$2,050	100%
2012	Q1	\$2,233	\$2,106	106%
	Q2	\$1,965	n/a	n/a
	Q3	\$2,318	n/a	n/a

The following table summarizes the deviation for each quarter.

**Table 3: Summary of Deviation**

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
2008			104%	100%
2009	81%	120%	103%	89%
2010	99%	112%	99%	94%
2011	93%	99%	104%	100%
2012	106%			
Average	95%	110%	102%	94%

Although the above table shows variation in the average deviation quarter to quarter, there is not a consistent pattern year to year for each quarter. Therefore, it is expected that there is not a seasonal pattern to agricultural land values. However, the table above is based on a relatively limited time period. Therefore, we have referred to additional historic information within our database of sales. This database is updated as new sales are available. Therefore, the deviation for individual quarters in recent years may be different than in the table above.

**Table 4: Deviation of Actual Data from Moving Average (2002 – Present)**

	Deviation of Data Point from Quarterly Average				Sample Size			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
2002			130%	86%	81	102	61	55
2003	97%	113%	92%	90%	78	117	60	59
2004	109%	82%	125%	104%	60	129	58	115
2005	96%	76%	98%	125%	105	175	106	156
2006	87%	95%	112%	116%	284	333	231	176
2007	82%	77%	137%	99%	216	262	154	117
2008	86%	111%	114%	64%	174	162	107	97
2009	105%	97%	101%	118%	106	189	123	122
2010	95%	99%	81%	119%	176	214	111	116
2011	100%	78%	132%	94%	127	139	68	76
Average	95%	92%	110%	103%	141	182	108	109

The variation within each distinct quarter of the above table supports our initial ascertain that there is not expected to be seasonal variation in agricultural land values. Therefore, the variation of actual data for individual quarters is expected to be attributed to the random component of the time series.

**Random Variation**

Based on the data in Table 3, there is an average quarterly variance of up to 10% per quarter. However, the variance of individual data points is much greater (up to 37%). Because there is not considered to be any seasonal pattern to land value trends, this variance is expected to be attributed to random variation.

From the individual data points for each quarter, the mean deviation is approximately 0.58%, but the standard deviation is approximately 17%. This indicates that despite a relatively large sample size, there is still substantial variation attributed to the random aspect of the data series. Therefore, to achieve 95% confidence that the average land value is within a specified range of values, individual data points would need to indicate a range of approximately  $\pm 33\%$ , to account for the potential random variance. However, this is much larger than the actual expected change in value due to the trend. Therefore, any possible trend would be masked by the potentially large range of values.

**TREND ANALYSIS**

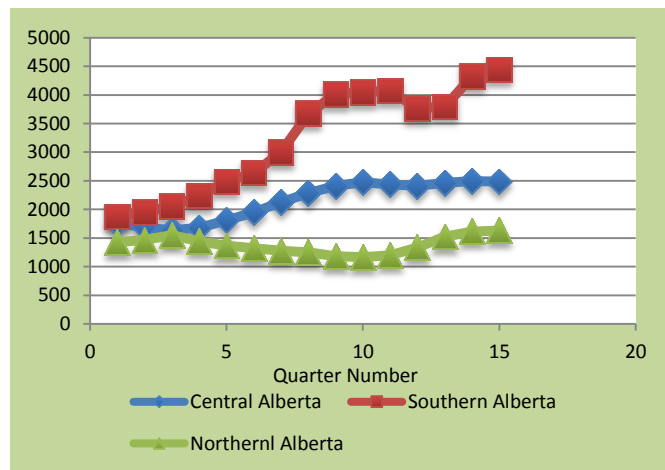
Because it is not considered feasible to apply a range of values to individual data points to account for random variation, the most effective way to estimate the trend is considered to be using the centred moving average, that was previously calculated.

By using this average the potential for the data to become skewed due to random variation is reduced. However, this method is less effective at identifying changes to an existing trend, because more historic data is included in the average. In other words, the individual data points are less responsive to changes in the trend, because of the influence that more dated sales have on the average value. Therefore, this method is expected to be more effective at identifying long term or historic trends.

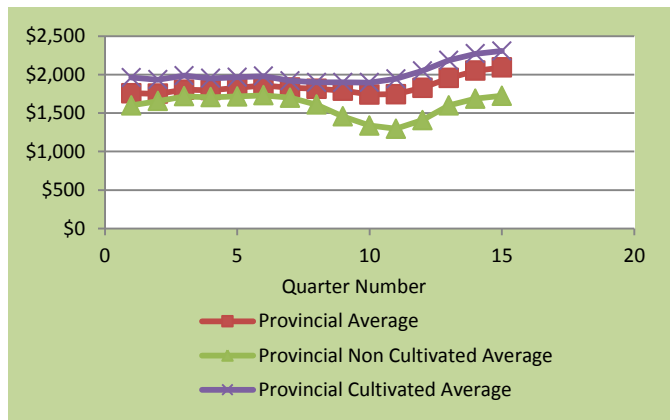
Although a weighted moving average may be used to increase the reliance on more recent data, it also exposes the estimate to more potential variation due to the random variation of the most recent quarter.

Graphs 13 and 14 show the centred moving average values included in the front part of the newsletter.

**Graph 13: Centred Moving Average of Regional Analyses**



**Graph 14: Centred Moving Average of Cultivation Comparison**



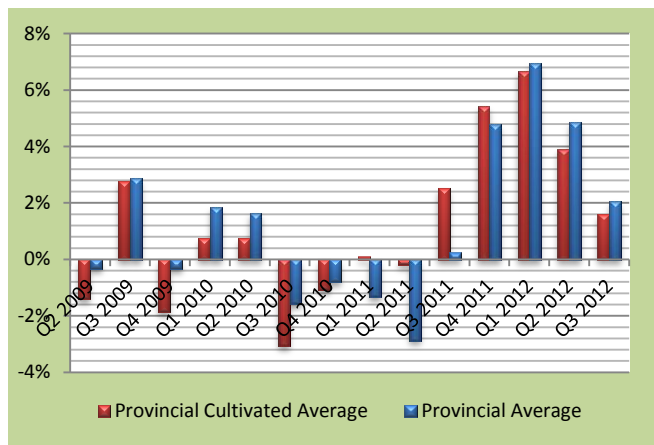
Based on the graphs above, a possible trend in land values may be more identifiable.

Graph 13 suggests that the strongest increases in value have occurred in Southern Alberta. However, Central Alberta has maintained a relatively consistent upward trend in values.

The analysis of sales of cultivated land shows that despite a time of relatively flat values, over recent periods a strong increase has been evident. Non-cultivated land values appear to have experienced a period of noticeable decline, with a strong movement upwards during recent quarters.

The following graph shows the quarterly percent differences between the moving averages indicated in the graph above.

**Graph 15: Percent Difference in Land Values**



Therefore, the most recent sales data suggests that provincial average land values have increased by approximately 2% in the last quarter, 6% to 7% during the last six months, and possibly 17% to 18% over the past year. However, the reliability of these results is subject to the limitations that were previously identified.